

to said at least one gateway and at least two zone nodes, wherein said at least one gateway is a packet filtering machine and each of said zone nodes correspond to a partitioned collection of said addresses created by said at least one gateway;

receiving a query inquiring whether one or more given services are permitted between

5 at least one source address and at least one destination address; and

evaluating said query against each of said rules associated with each gateway node in said gateway-zone graph that is encountered between said at least one source address and said at least one destination address.

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A/ 10 2. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, wherein said rules are expressed as rule-base

objects.

3. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, wherein said gateway-zone graph is derived from a network topology file.

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4. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, wherein said query includes a wildcard for at least one of said service, source address or destination address.

20 5. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of determining a portion of said one or more given services that are permitted between at least one source address and at least one destination address.

25 6. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of transforming said packet filtering configuration files into a table of logical rules that are processed during said evaluating step.

7. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, wherein said query consists of a source host-group, a destination host-group, and a service host-group.

8. (Unamended) The method of claim 1, wherein said query specifies a location where packets are to be inserted into the network that is different from a source address.

5 9. (Amended) A method of modeling a network having a plurality of gateway devices, comprising the steps of:

 identifying each gateway device in said network having a packet-filtering rule-base and each zone in said network defined by said gateway devices; and

10 generating a gateway-zone graph that models said network based on said packet-filtering rule-base, said gateway-zone graph having a gateway node corresponding to each of said gateway devices and a zone node corresponding to each of said zones.

15 10. (Unamended) The method of claim 9, wherein said gateway-zone graph is derived from a network topology file.

11. (Unamended) The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of transforming said packet-filtering rule-base into a table of logical rules.

20 12. (Amended) An apparatus for analyzing at least one gateway in a network, said at least one gateway having a packet filtering configuration file including a plurality of packet filtering rules, said network having a plurality of addresses, said tool comprising:

 a user interface for receiving a query inquiring whether one or more given services are permitted between at least one source address and at least one destination address, wherein each of said source addresses and said destination addresses correspond to one of said zones; and

25 a user interface for indicating a portion of said one or more given services that are permitted between a portion of said at least one source address and a portion of said at least one destination address, said portions obtained by analyzing a gateway-zone graph that models said network based on said packet filtering configuration file with at least one gateway node

corresponding to said at least one gateway and at least two zone nodes, wherein each of said zone nodes correspond to a partitioned collection of said addresses created by said at least one gateway.

13. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said rules are expressed as rule-
5 base objects

14. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said gateway-zone graph is
derived from a network topology file.

15. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said query includes a wildcard for
at least one of said service, source address or destination address.

16. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said packet filtering configuration
files are expressed as a set of logical rules.

17. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said query consists of a source
host-group, a destination host-group, and a service host-group.

18. (Unamended) The method of claim 12, wherein said user interface allows a user
20 to specify a location where packets are to be inserted into the network that is different from a source
address.

19. (Amended) An apparatus for analyzing at least one gateway in a network, said at
least one gateway having a packet filtering configuration file including a plurality of rules, said
25 network having a plurality of addresses, said tool comprising:

a memory for storing computer readable code; and
a processor operatively coupled to said memory, said processor configured to:
generate a gateway-zone graph that models said network based on said packet filtering

configuration file, said gateway-zone graph having at least one gateway node corresponding to said at least one gateway and at least two zone nodes, wherein said at least one gateway is a packet filtering machine and each of said zone nodes correspond to a partitioned collection of said addresses created by said at least one gateway;

5 receive a query inquiring whether one or more given services are permitted between at least one source address and at least one destination address; and

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evaluate said query against each of said rules associated with each gateway node in said gateway-zone graph that is encountered between said at least one source address and said at least one destination address.

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20. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, wherein said rules are expressed as rule-base objects

21. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, wherein said gateway-zone graph is derived
15 from a network topology file.

22. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, wherein said query includes a wildcard for at least one of said service, source address or destination address.

20 23. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, further comprising the step of determining a portion of said one or more given services that are permitted between at least one source address and at least one destination address.

24. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, further comprising the step of transforming
25 said packet filtering configuration files into a table of logical rules that are processed during said evaluating step.

25. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, wherein said query consists of a source host-

group, a destination host-group, and a service host-group.

26. (Unamended) The tool of claim 19, wherein said query specifies a location where packets are to be inserted into the network that is different from a source address.

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27. (Amended) A computer readable medium having computer readable program code means embodied thereon, said computer readable program code means analyzing at least one gateway in a network, said at least one gateway having a packet filtering configuration file including a plurality of rules, said network having a plurality of addresses, said computer readable program code means comprising:

10 a step to generate a gateway-zone graph that models said network based on said packet filtering configuration file, said gateway-zone graph having at least one gateway node corresponding to said at least one gateway and at least two zone nodes, wherein said at least one gateway is a packet filtering machine and each of said zone nodes correspond to a partitioned collection of said addresses created by said at least one gateway;

15 a step to receive a query inquiring whether one or more given services are permitted between at least one source address and at least one destination address; and

20 a step to evaluate said query against each of said rules associated with each gateway node in said gateway-zone graph that is encountered between said at least one source address and said at least one destination address.

28. (Amended) A system for modeling a network, comprising:

a memory for storing computer readable code; and

a processor operatively coupled to said memory, said processor configured to:

25 identify each gateway device in said network having a packet-filtering rule-base and each zone in said network defined by said gateway devices; and

generate a gateway-zone graph that models said network based on said packet-filtering rule-base, said gateway-zone graph having a gateway node corresponding to each of said